

AccountAble™

FC Inflow: 01-02

Issue # 95; Sep-03; Released: Mar - 04

In this issue

Total Receipts.....	1	Top 25 receivers.....	3
Origin of Funds.....	1	Religious Funding.....	3
Purpose of Receipt.....	2	State-wise receipts.....	4
Top 25 Agencies.....	2	More than one crore.....	4

In AccountAble 94, an analysis of foreign contribution received during 2000-01 was presented. We now present a similar analysis for the year 2001-02.

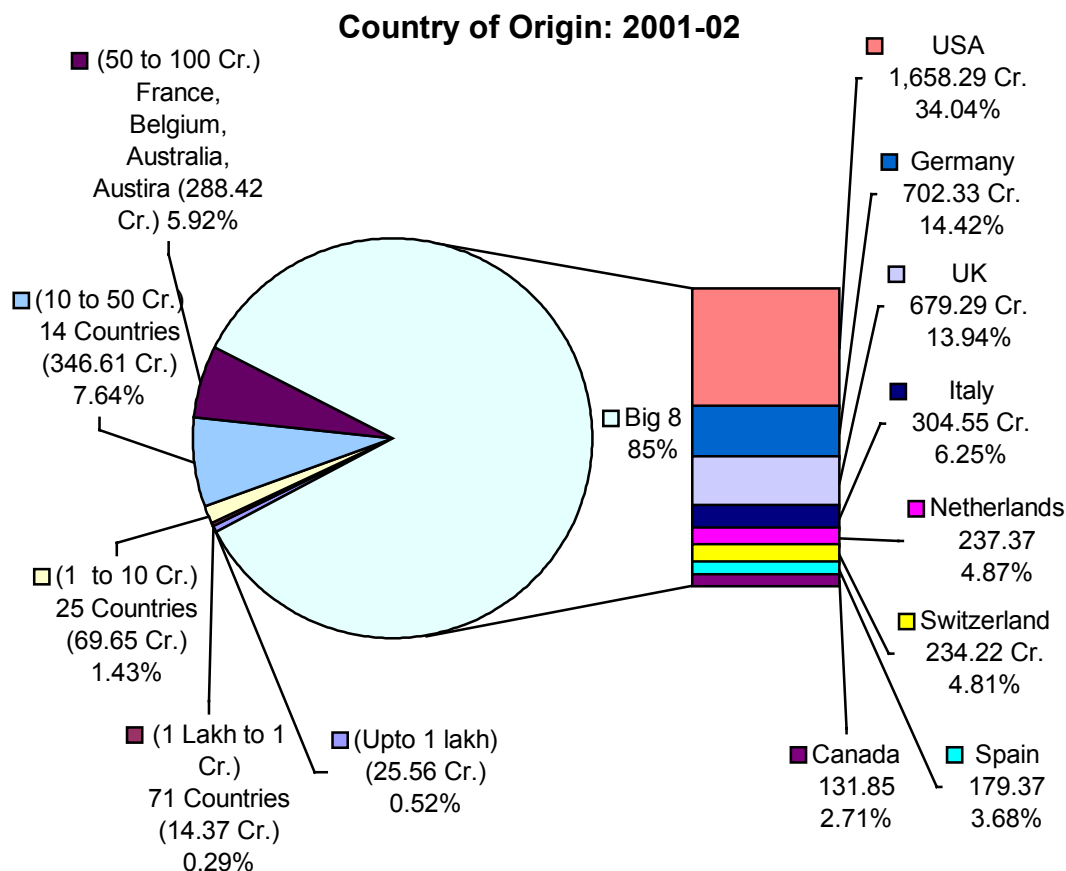
Total Receipts

During 2001-02, 15,618 organisations filed their FC-3 returns. They reported receiving a total of Rs.4,871.87 crores. In 2000-01, this figure was Rs.4,535.23 crores.

Over the ten years from 1992-93 till 2001-02, the contribution has grown at an annual compounded rate of 13.3%. Average contribution received by each organization has gone up from Rs.15.53 lakhs in 92-93 to Rs.31.19 lakhs in 2001-02.

Origin of Funds

Where do these funds come from? The report lists 151 countries, ranging from USA (1,658.29 crore rupees) to Malawi (1,000 rupees!). Additionally, there is category called 'Others' – these contributed a total of Rs.25.47 crores.



The pie-and-stack chart shows that eight countries sent in 85% of the total funds i.e. Rs.4,127 crores. These are listed in the bar.

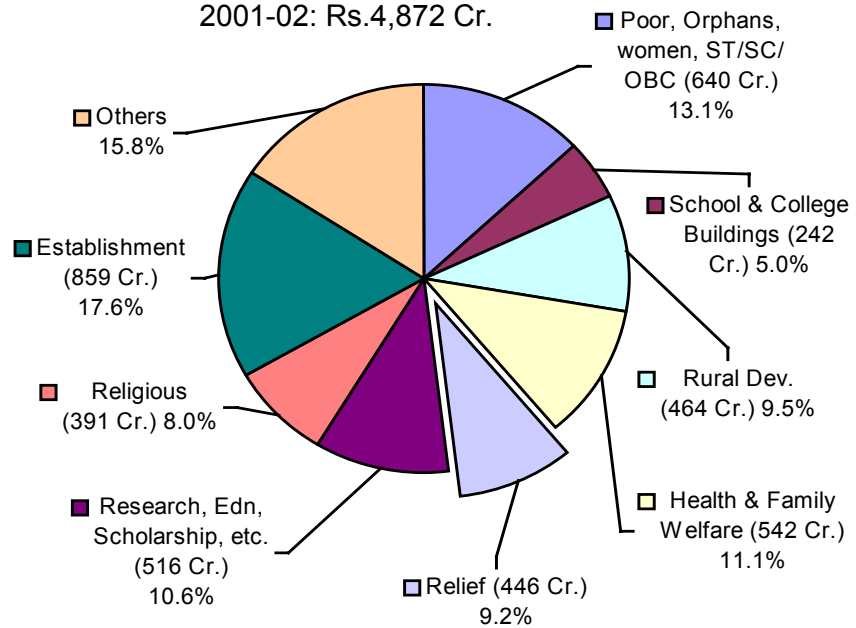
Purpose of Receipt

The analysis of purpose of receipt is probably unreliable, as most NGOs find it difficult to provide accurate classification for their expenditure. This year, FCRA Department has also introduced an additional 28 objects of expenditure.

The rise in Relief is noteworthy, which has risen from just 1% in 98-99 to 9.2% in 2001-02. In all probability, this is not due to a change in donor strategy. It is possibly due to two major upheavals (Orissa cyclone and Gujarat Earthquake) coming close together.

Purpose-wise Receipts

2001-02: Rs.4,872 Cr.



Top 25 Agencies

The report also provides a list of 25 biggest donors. Together, these donors contribute Rs.1,117.14 crores or about 23% of the total inflow.

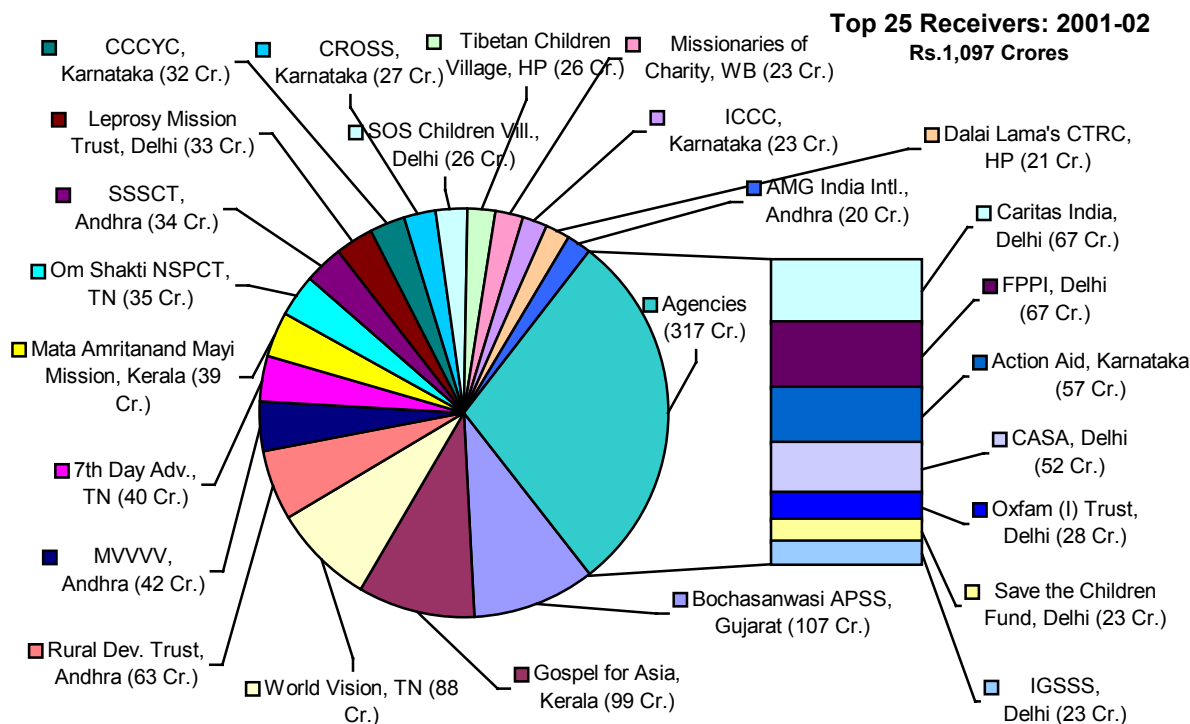
The above figures do not include bilateral funds (foreign Government to Indian Government) and UN funds.

Agency	Country	Rs. Cr.
1. Gospel for Asia	USA	111.16
2. World Vision International	USA	78.33
3. Foster Parents Plan International inc.	USA	72.37
4. Action Aid	UK	71.19
5. Foundation Vincent e Ferrer	Spain	63.06
6. Ford Foundation	USA	56.05
7. Maharishi Ayurveda Trust	UK	46.57
8. BAPS Care International	USA	46.28
9. Christian Children Fund	USA	44.27
10. EZE	Germany	43.88
11. Manos Unidas	Spain	42.14
12. Missio	Germany	40.58
13. Kinder not hilfe	Germany	39.48
14. Plan International	UK	35.98
15. SOS Kinderdorf International	Austria	34.61
16. Miseror Mozartstrasse	Germany	34.49
17. Swiss Agency for Dev. and Cooperation	Switzerland	33.89
18. Cord Aid	Netherlands	32.79
19. ICCO	Netherlands	28.72
20. Compassion International	USA	28.69
21. The Leprosy Mission	UK	27.31
22. Christian Aid	UK	26.93
23. Catholic Relief Services	USA	26.40
24. Mission of Mercy	USA	26.22
25. Children International	USA	25.76

Top 25 receivers

Who receives this money? There is a long list of 15,618 organisations that received the funds. However, details of receipts are given only for the top 25 receivers.

This list includes both NGOs and grant-making agencies. Together, these organisations received Rs.1,097 crores in 2001-02 or about 23% of the total inflow. Out of this, at least 23% (about Rs.318 crores) was received by grant-making agencies. This is shown separately as a stack.



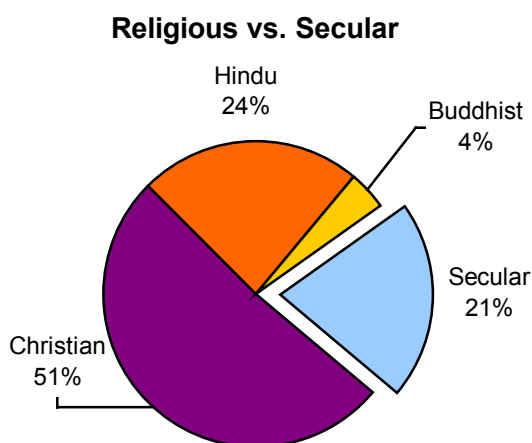
Religious Funding

A simple glance at the above chart shows that most of the organisations appear to have religious linkages. An analysis of this shows startling results (see pie chart).

Nearly eighty percent of the above funds went to religious organisations. Only about 20% of the funds were received by organisations which do not have any religious linkages.

The analysis reinforces the view that religious beliefs perhaps provide a stronger motive for charity, than does modern philanthropy.

It should be carefully noted that this analysis is based on information for the top 25 receivers only. Analysis of funds received by all the 15,618 organisations may give a different picture. Further, an organisation with religious linkages may spend its funds for non-religious activities as well.



State-wise receipts

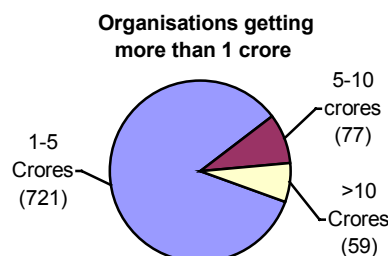
In 2001-02, twenty states received Rs.4,781 crores or about 98.1% of the total inflow. The balance 1.9% was shared by remaining 9 states and 5 union territories¹ through 570 organisations.

States/ UTs	Crores	%
1. Delhi	794.42	16.31
2. Tamil Nadu	695.49	14.28
3. Andhra Pradesh	559.56	11.49
4. Karnataka	504.98	10.37
5. Maharashtra	464.35	9.53
6. Kerala	459.54	9.43
7. Gujarat	324.57	6.66
8. West Bengal	256.13	5.26
9. Orissa	107.62	2.21
10. Uttar Pradesh	103.99	2.13
11. Himachal Pradesh	74.10	1.52

States/ UTs	Crores	%
12. Bihar	68.45	1.40
13. Madhya Pradesh	68.07	1.40
14. Rajasthan	58.62	1.20
15. Uttranchal	58.35	1.20
16. Jharkhand	52.66	1.08
17. Punjab	36.01	0.74
18. Meghalaya	33.68	0.69
19. Assam	32.06	0.66
20. Chhattisgarh	27.92	0.57
21. Rest of States/ UTs	91.30	1.87
Total	4871.87	100.00

More than one crore

About 857 (5.5%) organisations received more than 1 crore in 2001-02. The other 14,761 (94.5%) organisations received less than Rs. 1 crore each.



The analysis presented here is based on the 'Inflow of Foreign Contributions Report 2001-02', prepared by the Ministry of Home Affairs. This report provides a lot of valuable data on foreign contribution and we would like to place on record our appreciation of the hard work the FCRA Department puts in while compiling this information despite limited personnel and infrastructure.

There are also limitations on the present analysis. Some of the charts may be misinterpreted, if taken casually. You are, therefore, requested to carefully read the notes for each chart. Also in general:

- ❑ Foreign contribution in kind (material) is sometimes not valued or reported by receiving NGOs. The figures and analysis will be distorted accordingly.
- ❑ The data includes all money reported as received for educational, social, religious, cultural, or economic programs. This money may be received by 'social-change institutions', development organizations, religious bodies, universities, and hospitals as also NGOs set up by the Government. For easier reading and in the absence of any definite classification, we have used the term NGO for all these.
- ❑ The FCRA dept. actually makes no real distinction between grant making agencies and NGOs. We have used the term Agency to indicate that an organization is mainly involved in making grants to other NGOs.
- ❑ A crore means 10,000,000 or ten million. One crore of Indian Rupees is currently equal to 227,000 US Dollars. A lac means 100,000.

What is AccountAble: 'AccountAble' covers a different topic related to NGO regulation or accounting each month and is mailed to about 1,700 persons in NGOs, Agencies and audit firms. AccountAid encourages reproduction or re-distribution of 'AccountAble' in workshops or NGO newsletters for non-commercial use, provided the source is acknowledged.

AccountAble in Hindi: अकाउण्टेबल हिन्दी में 'लेखा-योग' के नाम से उपलब्ध है।

AccountAble on the Web: All the past issues of 'AccountAble' are available on our web-site www.accountaid.net.

AccountAid Capsules: Short items of information on NGO accounting and related issues. To subscribe, send an e-mail to accountaid-subscribe@topica.com.

Questions?: Your questions, comments and suggestions can be sent to AccountAid India, 55-B, Pocket C, Siddharth Extension, New Delhi-110 014; Phone: 011-2634 3128; Ph./Fax: 011-2634 6041; e-mail: accountaid@vsnl.com ; accountaid@gmail.com.

© AccountAid™ India March 2004 CE, राष्ट्रीय शक १९२६ चैत्र; Printed at Chanakya Mudrak Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 5142 0316, 2592 3951

¹ No organisation is registered under FCRA in Lakshadweep.